

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1. Product identifier

3M (TM) Scotch(R) Adhesive Cleaner & Solvent 700

**Product Identification Numbers** AS-0104-2629-9

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Adhesive Cleaner., Industrial use.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone:	136 136
E Mail:	productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website:	www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### **2.1.** Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1. Gas under pressure: Liquefied gas. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B. Carcinogenicity: Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

## 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

# Signal word

DANGER!

#### **Symbols**

Flame | Gas cylinder | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

### Pictograms



## Hazard statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	
H370	Causes damage to organs: cardiovascular system	
H371	May cause damage to organs: cardiovascular system   sensory organs	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system   sensory organs	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system	

## **Precautionary statements**

Prevention:	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280E	Wear protective gloves.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response:	
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P307 + P311	IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P321	Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage:	
P410 + P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P412	Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 C/ 122 F.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

3M Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

#### 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes eye irritation. May be harmful if inhaled. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight	
Toluene	108-88-3	30 - 60	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	10 - 30	
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	< 10	
Butane	106-97-8	< 10	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	< 10	
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 10	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	< 10	
Heptane	142-82-5	< 10	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 10	
Ethane	74-84-0	< 10	

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms

develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

## **SECTION 5:** Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes.	During combustion.
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Ketones.	During combustion.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

#### Hazchem Code: 2YE

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. WARNING ! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or

commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):434	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):543 mg/m3(125 ppm)	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	
Butane	106-97-8	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	
Butane	106-97-8	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1900	
			mg/m3(800 ppm)	
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	
Toluene	108-88-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):191 mg/m3(50	SKIN
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):574	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm SKIN	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 72 mg/m3 (20	
			ppm)	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m3(80	
			ppm);STEL(15 minutes):655	
			mg/m3(150 ppm)	
Heptane	142-82-5	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	
Heptane	142-82-5	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1640	
-			mg/m3(400 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):2050 mg/m3(500	
			ppm)	
Ethane	74-84-0	Australia OELs	Limit value not established:	Explosion hazard,
				asphyxiant

Ethane	74-84-0	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Propane	74-98-6	Australia OELs		Explosion hazard, asphyxiant
Isobutane	75-28-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Local exhaust ventilation with a minimum capture velocity of 100 linear feet per minute (0.5 m/sec) should be provided for applications at or above the boiling temperature.

### **8.2.2.** Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

### **Skin/hand protection**

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer. Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical propertie	28
Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Appearance/Odour	Hydrocarbon solvent odour; Clear, colourless
Odour threshold	No data available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	-12 °C
Flash point	-60 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup] [Details:Propellant]
Evaporation rate	Approximately 1 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :BUOAC=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1 % [Details:CAS 64742-89-8]
Flammable Limits(UEL)	7 % [Details: Toluene]
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Vapour density	Approximately [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	0.79 g/ml
Relative density	0.79 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	Approximately 100 mPa-s
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	700 g/l
Percent volatile	Approximately 100 %
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	No data available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable.

**10.3. Conditions to avoid** Heat. Sparks and/or flames.

**10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions** Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** None known.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

None known.

**Condition** 

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient

classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

**11.1 Information on Toxicological effects** 

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

#### Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

## Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision. Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Peripheral neuropathy: Signs/symptoms may include tingling or numbness of the extremities, incoordination, weakness of the hands and feet, tremors and muscle atrophy. Olfactory effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and complete loss of smell. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

#### **Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Isobutane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
n-Hexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-Hexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg
Butane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
Xylene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l
Heptane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
Ethane	Inhalation-Gas		LC50 estimated to be > 50,000 ppm

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
	_	
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Rabbit	Irritant
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
n-Hexane	Human and animal	Mild irritant
Butane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Irritant
Heptane	Human	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
n-Hexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Heptane	Professional judgement	Moderate irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Ethane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation

## **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Toluene	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
n-Hexane	Human	Not sensitizing
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Ethylbenzene	Human	Not sensitizing

## **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
n-Hexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
n-Hexane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Heptane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

## Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data

			are not sufficient for classification
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
n-Hexane	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

## **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 2,200 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	during gestation
n-Hexane	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-Hexane	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	28 days
Xylene Inhalation So re ex no		Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
Xylene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation

		not sufficient for classification			
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	premating & during gestation

## Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Does not cause effects on or via lactation

# Target Organ(s)

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	

Isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
n-Hexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	8 hours
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24.6 mg/l	8 hours
Butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
Butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum),	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the		NOAEL Not available	

hydrotreated light			data are not sufficient for classification			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Ethane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Ethane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	LOAEL 150,000 ppm	not available

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system   nervous system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive	Mouse	NOAEL Not	20 days

			data exist, but the data are not		available	
n-Hexane	Inhalation	liver	classification Some positive	Rat	NOAEL Not	6 months
n-Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Mouse	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	13 weeks
n-Hexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
			data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		available	

			sufficient for			
			classification			
n-Hexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
n-Hexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 35.2 mg/l	13 weeks
n-Hexane	Inhalation	auditory system   immune system   eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
n-Hexane	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
n-Hexane	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-Hexane	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	13 weeks
Butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
Butane	Inhalation	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   muscles   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks

Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart   skin   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   nervous system   respiratory system	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
Heptane	Inhalation	liver   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart   immune system   respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years

Ethylbenzene Ing	ngestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
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## **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value	
Toluene	Aspiration hazard	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	Aspiration hazard	
n-Hexane	Aspiration hazard	
Xylene	Aspiration hazard	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard	
Heptane	Aspiration hazard	
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard	

### **Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **Interactive Effects**

Not determined.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

### Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	3.2 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	3.6 mg/l

Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	1.81 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.2 mg/l
Butane	106-97-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Xylene	1330-20-7		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Isobutane	75-28-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>3.9 mg/l
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.5 mg/l
Heptane	142-82-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Propane	74-98-6		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Ethane	74-84-0		Laboratory		LC50	>100 mg/l
Ethane	74-84-0		Laboratory		NOEC	>100 mg/l
Ethane	74-84-0		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.26 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental		Photolytic half-	12.3 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental		Photolytic half-	5.38 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Experimental		Photolytic half-	5.4 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Xylene	1330-20-7	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
-		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Heptane	142-82-5	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.24 days (t	Other methods
_		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Naphtha	64742-49-0	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(petroleum),		available or				
hydrotreated		insufficient for				
light		classification				
Solvent	64742-89-8	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

naphtha		available or			
(petroleum),		insufficient for			
light aliphatic		classification			
Ethane	74-84-0	Laboratory	Photolytic half-	119.74 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis	life (in air)	1/2)	
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental	Photolytic half-	27.5 days (t	Other methods
-		Photolysis	life (in air)	1/2)	
Isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental	Photolytic half-	13.7 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis	life (in air)	1/2)	

## 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental		Bioaccumulatio	15	Other methods
		BCF - Other		n factor		
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental		Log Kow	2.89	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental		Log Kow	2.73	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati				
		on				
n-Hexane	110-54-3	Modeled		Bioaccumulatio	138	Other methods
		Bioconcentrati		n factor		
77.1	1220 20 7	on	27/4		27/4	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		available or				
		insufficient for classification				
Hantana	142-82-5	Estimated BCF		Bioaccumulatio	107	Estimated:
Heptane	142-02-3	- Other		n factor	107	Bioconcentration factor
Naphtha	64742-49-0	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(petroleum),	04742-49-0	available or	11/7		11/17	1 <b>\</b> /A
hydrotreated		insufficient for				
light		classification				
Solvent	64742-89-8	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphtha		available or				
(petroleum),		insufficient for				
light aliphatic		classification				
Ethane	74-84-0	Laboratory		Log Kow	1.81	Other methods
		Bioaccumulatio				
		n				
Propane	74-98-6	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental		Bioaccumulatio	1.97	Other methods
		BCF - Other		n factor		

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: 2YE IERG: 49

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable. Marine Pollutant: Not applicable. Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Australian Inventory Status:**

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

**Poison Schedule:** This product has not been assessed for poisons scheduling as the product is intended for industrial and professional use only.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Revision information:**

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our

knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

## 3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au